

RAP1GAP Blocking Peptide (N-Term) Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP21784a

### **Specification**

# **RAP1GAP Blocking Peptide (N-Term) - Product Information**

Primary Accession

#### <u>P47736</u>

## **RAP1GAP Blocking Peptide (N-Term) - Additional Information**

Gene ID 5909

**Other Names** Rap1 GTPase-activating protein 1, Rap1GAP, Rap1GAP1, RAP1GAP, KIAA0474, RAP1GA1

### **Target/Specificity** The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 115-128 of HUMAN RAP1GAP

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **RAP1GAP Blocking Peptide (N-Term) - Protein Information**

Name RAP1GAP

Synonyms KIAA0474, RAP1GA1

Function

GTPase activator for the nuclear Ras-related regulatory protein RAP-1A (KREV-1), converting it to the putatively inactive GDP- bound state.

**Cellular Location** Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein

**Tissue Location** 

Significant expression seen in the brain, kidney and pancreas. Abundant in the cerebral cortex and expressed at much lower levels in the spinal cord. Not detected in the lymphoid tissues

### **RAP1GAP Blocking Peptide (N-Term) - Protocols**



Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

### <u>Blocking Peptides</u>

**RAP1GAP Blocking Peptide (N-Term) - Images** 

### **RAP1GAP Blocking Peptide (N-Term) - Background**

GTPase activator for the nuclear Ras-related regulatory protein RAP-1A (KREV-1), converting it to the putatively inactive GDP-bound state.

## **RAP1GAP Blocking Peptide (N-Term) - References**

Rubinfeld B., et al.Cell 65:1033-1042(1991). Seki N., et al.DNA Res. 4:345-349(1997). Gregory S.G., et al.Nature 441:315-321(2006). Mural R.J., et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Mochizuki N., et al.Nature 400:891-894(1999).