

**IRF5 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP2828a****Specification**

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**IRF5 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q13568](#)**IRF5 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 3663**Other Names**

Interferon regulatory factor 5, IRF-5, IRF5

**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP2828a](/products/AP2828a) was selected from the N-term region of human IRF5. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**IRF5 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information****Name** IRF5 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:11303025, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:6120}**Function**

Transcription factor that plays a critical role in innate immunity by activating expression of type I interferon (IFN) IFNA and INFB and inflammatory cytokines downstream of endolysosomal toll-like receptors TLR7, TLR8 and TLR9 (PubMed: [11303025](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11303025), PubMed: [15695821](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15695821), PubMed: [22412986](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22412986), PubMed: [25326418](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25326418), PubMed: [32433612](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32433612)). Regulates the transcription of type I IFN genes (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) and IFN-stimulated genes (ISG) by binding to an interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) in their promoters (By similarity). Can efficiently activate both the IFN-beta (INFB) and the IFN-alpha (IFNA) genes and mediate their induction downstream of the TLR-activated, MyD88-dependent pathway (By similarity). Key transcription factor regulating the IFN response during

SARS-CoV-2 infection (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33440148" target="\_blank">33440148</a>).

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm: upon activation by the TLR adapter MYD88 and subsequent phosphorylation, translocates to the nucleus

**IRF5 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

**IRF5 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images****IRF5 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background**

IRF5 is a member of the interferon regulatory factor (IRF) family, a group of transcription factors with diverse roles, including virus-mediated activation of interferon, and modulation of cell growth, differentiation, apoptosis, and immune system activity. Members of the IRF family are characterized by a conserved N-terminal DNA-binding domain containing tryptophan (W) repeats.

**IRF5 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References**

Nordmark,G., Genes Immun. 10 (1), 68-76 (2009)Kim,Y.J., J. Rheumatol. 35 (11), 2106-2118 (2008)