

HSPD1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP2859c

Specification

HSPD1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P10809

HSPD1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 3329

Other Names

60 kDa heat shock protein, mitochondrial, 60 kDa chaperonin, Chaperonin 60, CPN60, Heat shock protein 60, HSP-60, Hsp60, HuCHA60, Mitochondrial matrix protein P1, P60 lymphocyte protein, HSPD1, HSP60

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP2859c was selected from the Center region of human HSPD1. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HSPD1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name HSPD1

Synonyms HSP60

Function

Chaperonin implicated in mitochondrial protein import and macromolecular assembly. Together with Hsp10, facilitates the correct folding of imported proteins. May also prevent misfolding and promote the refolding and proper assembly of unfolded polypeptides generated under stress conditions in the mitochondrial matrix (PubMed:1346131, PubMed:11422376). The functional units of these chaperonins consist of heptameric rings of the large subunit Hsp60, which function as a back- to-back double ring. In a cyclic reaction, Hsp60 ring complexes bind one



unfolded substrate protein per ring, followed by the binding of ATP and association with 2 heptameric rings of the co-chaperonin Hsp10. This leads to sequestration of the substrate protein in the inner cavity of Hsp60 where, for a certain period of time, it can fold undisturbed by other cell components. Synchronous hydrolysis of ATP in all Hsp60 subunits results in the dissociation of the chaperonin rings and the release of ADP and the folded substrate protein (Probable).

Cellular LocationMitochondrion matrix.

HSPD1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

HSPD1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

HSPD1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

HSPD1 is a member of the chaperonin family. This protein may function as a signaling molecule in the innate immune system. The protein is essential for the folding and assembly of newly imported proteins in the mitochondria. The protein is adjacent to a related family member and the region between the 2 genes functions as a bidirectional promoter.

HSPD1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Venner T.J., Singh B., Gupta R.S.DNA Cell Biol. 9:545-552(1990)Hansen J.J., Bross P., Westergaard M., Nielsen M.N., Eiberg H., Hum. Genet. 112:71-77(2003) Rasmussen R.K., Ji H., Eddes J.S., Moritz R.L., Electrophoresis 18:588-598(1997)Aboulaich N., Vainonen J.P., Stralfors P., Vener A.V.Biochem. J. 383:237-248(2004)