

**CQ068 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP4761c****Specification**

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**CQ068 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q2NKJ3](#)**CQ068 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 80169**Other Names**CST complex subunit CTC1, Conserved telomere maintenance component 1, HBV  
DNAPT1-transactivated protein B, CTC1, C17orf68**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**CQ068 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information****Name** CTC1**Synonyms** C17orf68**Function**

Component of the CST complex proposed to act as a specialized replication factor promoting DNA replication under conditions of replication stress or natural replication barriers such as the telomere duplex. The CST complex binds single-stranded DNA with high affinity in a sequence-independent manner, while isolated subunits bind DNA with low affinity by themselves. Initially the CST complex has been proposed to protect telomeres from DNA degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19854130" target="\_blank">19854130</a>). However, the CST complex has been shown to be involved in several aspects of telomere replication. The CST complex inhibits telomerase and is involved in telomere length homeostasis; it is proposed to bind to newly telomerase-synthesized 3' overhangs and to terminate telomerase action implicating the association with the ACD:POT1 complex thus interfering with its telomerase stimulation activity. The CST complex is also proposed to be involved in fill-in synthesis of the telomeric C-strand probably implicating recruitment and activation of DNA polymerase alpha (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22763445" target="\_blank">22763445</a>). The CST complex facilitates recovery from many forms of exogenous DNA damage; seems to be involved in the re-initiation of DNA replication at repaired forks and/or dormant origins

(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25483097" target="\_blank">25483097</a>). Involved in telomere maintenance (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19854131" target="\_blank">19854131</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22863775" target="\_blank">22863775</a>). Involved in genome stability (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22863775" target="\_blank">22863775</a>). May be involved in telomeric C-strand fill-in during late S/G2 phase (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Chromosome, telomere. Note=A transmembrane region is predicted by sequence analysis tools (ESKW, MEMSAT and Phobius); however, given the telomeric localization of the protein, the relevance of the transmembrane region is unsure in vivo

### **CQ068 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

### **CQ068 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images**

### **CQ068 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background**

CQ068 is subunits of an alpha accessory factor (AAF) that stimulates the activity of DNA polymerase-alpha-primase (see MIM 176636), the enzyme that initiates DNA replication. CQ068 also appears to function in a telomere-associated complex with OBFC1 and TEN1.

### **CQ068 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References**

Surovtseva, Y.V., et al. Mol. Cell 36(2):207-218(2009)Miyake, Y., et al. Mol. Cell 36(2):193-206(2009)Casteel, D.E., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(9):5807-5818(2009)