

EREG Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP4798b

Specification

EREG Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

014944

EREG Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 2069

Other Names

Proepiregulin, Epiregulin, EPR, EREG

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

EREG Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name EREG

Function

Ligand of the EGF receptor/EGFR and ERBB4. Stimulates EGFR and ERBB4 tyrosine phosphorylation (PubMed:9419975). Contributes to inflammation, wound healing, tissue repair, and oocyte maturation by regulating angiogenesis and vascular remodeling and by stimulating cell proliferation (PubMed:24631357).

Cellular Location

[Epiregulin]: Secreted, extracellular space

Tissue Location

In normal adults, expressed predominantly in the placenta and peripheral blood leukocytes. High levels were detected in carcinomas of the bladder, lung, kidney and colon

EREG Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols





Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

EREG Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

EREG Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

EREG is a member of the epidermal growth factor family. EREG can function as a ligand of EGFR (epidermal growth factor receptor), as well as a ligand of most members of the ERBB (v-erb-b2 oncogene homolog) family of tyrosine-kinase receptors.

EREG Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Ben-Ami, I., et al. Hum. Reprod. 24(1):176-184(2009)Cho, M.C., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 377(3):832-837(2008)Lasky-Su, J., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. 147B (8), 1345-1354 (2008)