

**SLC10A1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP5710b**

**Specification**

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**SLC10A1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession  
Other Accession

[Q14973](#)  
[NP\\_003040.1](#)

**SLC10A1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 6554

**Other Names**

Sodium/bile acid cotransporter, Cell growth-inhibiting gene 29 protein, Na(+)/bile acid cotransporter, Na(+)/taurocholate transport protein, Sodium/taurocholate cotransporting polypeptide, Solute carrier family 10 member 1, SLC10A1, NTCP

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**SLC10A1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**

**Name** SLC10A1

**Synonyms** NTCP

**Function**

As a major transporter of conjugated bile salts from plasma into the hepatocyte, it plays a key role in the enterohepatic circulation of bile salts necessary for the solubilization and absorption of dietary fat and fat-soluble vitamins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8132774" target="\_blank">8132774</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14660639" target="\_blank">14660639</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24867799" target="\_blank">24867799</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34060352" target="\_blank">34060352</a>). It is strictly dependent on the extracellular presence of sodium (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8132774" target="\_blank">8132774</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14660639" target="\_blank">14660639</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24867799" target="\_blank">24867799</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34060352" target="\_blank">34060352</a>). It exhibits broad substrate specificity and transports various bile acids, such as taurocholate, cholate, as well as non-bile acid organic compounds, such as estrone sulfate (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14660639" target="\_blank">>14660639</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34060352" target="\_blank">>34060352</a>). Works collaboratively with the ileal transporter (NTCP2), the organic solute transporter (OST), and the bile salt export pump (BSEP), to ensure efficacious biological recycling of bile acids during enterohepatic circulation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33222321" target="\_blank">>33222321</a>).

**Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

**Tissue Location**

Expressed in liver (PubMed:11031103, PubMed:12409283). Expressed in placental trophoblasts (PubMed:12409283).

**SLC10A1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

**SLC10A1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images****SLC10A1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background**

Sodium/bile acid cotransporters are integral membraneglycoproteins that participate in the enterohepatic circulation of bile acids. Two homologous transporters are involved in the reabsorption of bile acids, one absorbing from the intestinal lumen, the bile duct, and the kidney with an apical localization(SLC10A2; MIM 601295), and the other being found in the basolateral membranes of hepatocytes (SLC10A1).

**SLC10A1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References**

Ho, R.H., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 279(8):7213-7222(2004)Trauner, M., et al. Physiol. Rev. 83(2):633-671(2003)Hallen, S., et al. Biochemistry 41(23):7253-7266(2002)Shiao, T., et al. Genomics 69(2):203-213(2000)Hagenbuch, B., et al. J. Clin. Invest. 93(3):1326-1331(1994)