

# MAGEA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP6170a

## **Specification**

# MAGEA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession P43362
Other Accession NP\_005356

# MAGEA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 4108;728269

#### **Other Names**

Melanoma-associated antigen 9, Cancer/testis antigen 19, CT19, MAGE-9 antigen, MAGEA9, MAGE9, MAGEA9A

## **Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/product/products/AP6170a>AP6170a</a> was selected from the Center region of human MAGEA9 . A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# MAGEA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

## Name MAGEA9

Synonyms MAGE9, MAGEA9A

### **Function**

Not known, though may play a role in embryonal development and tumor transformation or aspects of tumor progression.

### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in many tumors of several types, such as melanoma, head and neck squamous cell carcinoma, lung carcinoma and breast carcinoma, but not in normal tissues except for testes and placenta



# MAGEA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

### • Blocking Peptides

**MAGEA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images** 

# MAGEA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

MAGEA9 is a member of the MAGEA gene family. The members of this family have their entire coding sequences located in the last exon, and the encoded proteins show 50 to 80% sequence identity between each other. The promoters and first exons of the MAGEA genes show considerable variability, suggesting that the existence of this gene family enables the same function to be expressed under different transcriptional controls. The MAGEA genes are expressed at a high level in a number of tumors of various histologic types, and are silent in normal tissues with the exception of testis and placenta. The MAGEA genes are clustered on chromosome Xq28. They may be implicated in some hereditary disorders, such as dyskeratosis congenita.

# MAGEA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Rogner, U.C., et al., Genomics 29(3):725-731 (1995). De Plaen, E., et al., Immunogenetics 40(5):360-369 (1994).