

DSCR1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP6315c

Specification

DSCR1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession Other Accession <u>P53805</u> Q7Z555

DSCR1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 1827

Other Names Calcipressin-1, Adapt78, Down syndrome critical region protein 1, Myocyte-enriched calcineurin-interacting protein 1, MCIP1, Regulator of calcineurin 1, RCAN1, ADAPT78, CSP1, DSC1, DSCR1

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP6315c was selected from the C-term region of human DSCR1. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

DSCR1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name RCAN1

Synonyms ADAPT78, CSP1, DSC1, DSCR1

Function

Inhibits calcineurin-dependent transcriptional responses by binding to the catalytic domain of calcineurin A (PubMed:12809556). Could play a role during central nervous system development (By similarity).

Tissue Location Highly expressed heart, brain and skeletal muscle. Also expressed in all other tissues



DSCR1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

DSCR1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

DSCR1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

DSCR1 interacts with calcineurin A and inhibits calcineurin-dependent signaling pathways, possibly affecting central nervous system development. The gene for this protein is located in the minimal candidate region for the Down syndrome phenotype, and is overexpressed in the brain of Down syndrome fetuses. Chronic overexpression of DSCR1 may lead to neurofibrillary tangles such as those associated with Alzheimer disease.

DSCR1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Minami, T., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(48):50537-50554 (2004).Yao, Y.G., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 321(3):648-656 (2004).Michtalik, H.J., et al., Free Radic. Biol. Med. 37(4):454-462 (2004).Hesser, B.A., et al., Blood 104(1):149-158 (2004).lizuka, M., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 41(4):334-344 (2004).

DSCR1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Citations

 <u>Glucocorticoid evoked upregulation of RCAN1-1 in human leukemic CEM cells susceptible to</u> apoptosis.