

Tuberin (TSC2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP6348b**Specification**

Tuberin (TSC2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [P49815](#)**Tuberin (TSC2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 7249**Other Names**

Tuberin, Tuberous sclerosis 2 protein, TSC2, TSC4

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP6348b](/product/products/AP6348b) was selected from the C-term region of human TSC2. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Tuberin (TSC2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**Name** TSC2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:7558029, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:12363}**Function**

Catalytic component of the TSC-TBC complex, a multiprotein complex that acts as a negative regulator of the canonical mTORC1 complex, an evolutionarily conserved central nutrient sensor that stimulates anabolic reactions and macromolecule biosynthesis to promote cellular biomass generation and growth (PubMed:[12172553](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12172553), PubMed:[12271141](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12271141), PubMed:[12906785](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12906785), PubMed:[12842888](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12842888), PubMed:[28215400](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28215400), PubMed:[35772404](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35772404), PubMed:[15340059](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15340059), PubMed:[22819219](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22819219), PubMed:[24529379](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24529379))

target="_blank">24529379, PubMed:33436626). Within the TSC-TBC complex, TSC2 acts as a GTPase- activating protein (GAP) for the small GTPase RHEB, a direct activator of the protein kinase activity of mTORC1 (PubMed:12172553, PubMed:12906785, PubMed:12842888, PubMed:15340059, PubMed:12820960, PubMed:22819219, PubMed:24529379, PubMed:33436626). In absence of nutrients, the TSC-TBC complex inhibits mTORC1, thereby preventing phosphorylation of ribosomal protein S6 kinase (RPS6KB1 and RPS6KB2) and EIF4EBP1 (4E-BP1) by the mTORC1 signaling (PubMed:12172553, PubMed:12271141, PubMed:12906785, PubMed:12842888, PubMed:22819219, PubMed:24529379, PubMed:28215400, PubMed:35772404). The TSC-TBC complex is inactivated in response to nutrients, relieving inhibition of mTORC1 (PubMed:12172553, PubMed:24529379). Involved in microtubule-mediated protein transport via its ability to regulate mTORC1 signaling (By similarity). Also stimulates the intrinsic GTPase activity of the Ras- related proteins RAP1A and RAB5 (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Lysosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm, cytosol Note=Recruited to lysosomal membranes in a RHEB-dependent process in absence of nutrients (PubMed:24529379). In response to insulin signaling and phosphorylation by PKB/AKT1, the complex dissociates from lysosomal membranes and relocates to the cytosol (PubMed:24529379)

Tissue Location

Liver, brain, heart, lymphocytes, fibroblasts, biliary epithelium, pancreas, skeletal muscle, kidney, lung and placenta.

Tuberin (TSC2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

Tuberin (TSC2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images

Tuberin (TSC2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

Mutations in TSC2 lead to tuberous sclerosis complex. The protein is believed to be a tumor suppressor and is able to specifically stimulate the intrinsic GTPase activity of the Ras-related protein RAP1A and RAB5. The protein associates with hamartin in a cytosolic complex, possibly acting as a chaperone for hamartin. TSC2 may have a function in vesicular transport, but may also play a role in the regulation of cell growth arrest and in the regulation of transcription mediated by steroid receptors. Interaction between TSC1 and TSC2 may facilitate vesicular docking.

Tuberin (TSC2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References

Li, Y., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 24(18):7965-7975 (2004).Karbowniczek, M., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(29):29930-29937 (2004).Corradetti, M.N., et al., Genes Dev. 18(13):1533-1538 (2004).Birchenall-Roberts, M.C., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(24):25605-25613 (2004).Lewis, J.C., et al., J. Med. Genet. 41(3):203-207 (2004).