

# CTSF Antibody (Center D276) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP6569b

### **Specification**

## CTSF Antibody (Center D276) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

**Primary Accession** 

Q9UBX1

## CTSF Antibody (Center D276) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 8722** 

### **Other Names**

Cathepsin F, CATSF, CTSF

### Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/products/AP6569b>AP6569b</a> was selected from the Center region of human CTSF. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## CTSF Antibody (Center D276) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

## **Name CTSF**

### **Function**

Thiol protease which is believed to participate in intracellular degradation and turnover of proteins. Has also been implicated in tumor invasion and metastasis.

### **Cellular Location**

Lysosome.

#### **Tissue Location**

High expression levels in heart, skeletal muscle, brain, testis and ovary; moderate levels in prostate, placenta, liver and colon; and no detectable expression in peripheral leukocytes and thymus



## CTSF Antibody (Center D276) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

#### Blocking Peptides

CTSF Antibody (Center D276) Blocking Peptide - Images

### CTSF Antibody (Center D276) Blocking Peptide - Background

Cathepsins are papain family cysteine proteinases that represent a major component of the lysosomal proteolytic system. Cathepsins generally contain a signal sequence, followed by a propeptide and then a catalytically active mature region. The very long (251 amino acid residues) proregion of the cathepsin F precursor contains a C-terminal domain similar to the pro-segment of cathepsin L-like enzymes, a 50-residue flexible linker peptide, and an N-terminal domain predicted to adopt a cystatin-like fold. The cathepsin F proregion is unique within the papain family cysteine proteases in that it contains this additional N-terminal segment predicted to share structural similarities with cysteine protease inhibitors of the cystatin superfamily. This cystatin-like domain contains some of the elements known to be important for inhibitory activity. CTSF is a predicted protein of 484 amino acids which contains a 19 residue signal peptide. Cathepsin F contains five potential N-glycosylation sites, and it may be targeted to the endosomal/lysosomal compartment via the mannose 6-phosphate receptor pathway.

### CTSF Antibody (Center D276) Blocking Peptide - References

Kaakinen, R., Atherosclerosis 192 (2), 323-327 (2007) Oorni, K., J. Biol. Chem. 279 (33), 34776-34784 (2004)