

**MAPRE1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP6770e****Specification**

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**MAPRE1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q15691](#)**MAPRE1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 22919

**Other Names**

Microtubule-associated protein RP/EB family member 1, APC-binding protein EB1, End-binding protein 1, EB1, MAPRE1

**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP6770e](/products/AP6770e) was selected from the C-term region of human MAPRE1. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**MAPRE1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name MAPRE1 ([HGNC:6890](#))**Function**

Plus-end tracking protein (+TIP) that binds to the plus-end of microtubules and regulates the dynamics of the microtubule cytoskeleton (PubMed:[12388762](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12388762)), PubMed:[16109370](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16109370), PubMed:[19632184](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19632184), PubMed:[21646404](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21646404), PubMed:[23001180](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23001180), PubMed:[28726242](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28726242), PubMed:[28814570](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28814570), PubMed:[34608293](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34608293)). Promotes cytoplasmic microtubule nucleation and elongation (PubMed:[34608293](#)).

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12388762" target="\_blank">12388762</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16109370" target="\_blank">16109370</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19632184" target="\_blank">19632184</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21646404" target="\_blank">21646404</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28726242" target="\_blank">28726242</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28814570" target="\_blank">28814570</a>). Involved in mitotic spindle positioning by stabilizing microtubules and promoting dynamic connection between astral microtubules and the cortex during mitotic chromosome segregation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12388762" target="\_blank">12388762</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34608293" target="\_blank">34608293</a>). Also acts as a regulator of minus-end microtubule organization: interacts with the complex formed by AKAP9 and PDE4DIP, leading to recruit CAMSAP2 to the Golgi apparatus, thereby tethering non-centrosomal minus-end microtubules to the Golgi, an important step for polarized cell movement (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28814570" target="\_blank">28814570</a>). Promotes elongation of CAMSAP2-decorated microtubule stretches on the minus-end of microtubules (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28814570" target="\_blank">28814570</a>). Acts as a regulator of autophagosome transport via interaction with CAMSAP2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28726242" target="\_blank">28726242</a>). Functions downstream of Rho GTPases and DIAPH1 in stable microtubule formation (By similarity). May play a role in cell migration (By similarity).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Golgi apparatus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Note=Associated with the microtubule growing distal tips (PubMed:28814570). Recruitment to the Golgi apparatus requires the presence of PDE4DIP isoform 13/MMG8/SMYLE (PubMed:25217626).

#### Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed.

### MAPRE1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

### MAPRE1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

### MAPRE1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

MAPRE1 was first identified by its binding to the APC protein which is often mutated in familial and sporadic forms of colorectal cancer. This protein localizes to microtubules, especially the growing ends, in interphase cells. During mitosis, the protein is associated with the centrosomes and spindle microtubules. The protein also associates with components of the dynactin complex and the intermediate chain of cytoplasmic dynein. Because of these associations, it is thought that this protein is involved in the regulation of microtubule structures and chromosome stability.

### MAPRE1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Komarova,Y., J. Cell Biol. 184 (5), 691-706 (2009)