

HPGD Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP6794b

Specification

HPGD Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession P15428

HPGD Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 3248

Other Names

15-hydroxyprostaglandin dehydrogenase [NAD(+)], 15-PGDH, Prostaglandin dehydrogenase 1, HPGD, PGDH1

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP6794b was selected from the C-term region of human HPGD. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HPGD Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name HPGD (HGNC:5154)

Synonyms PGDH1, SDR36C1

Function

Catalyzes the NAD-dependent dehydrogenation (oxidation) of a broad array of hydroxylated polyunsaturated fatty acids (mainly eicosanoids and docosanoids, including prostaglandins, lipoxins and resolvins), yielding their corresponding keto (oxo) metabolites (PubMed:8086429, PubMed:10837478, PubMed:16828555, PubMed:16757471, PubMed:21916491, PubMed:25586183). Decreases



the levels of the pro- proliferative prostaglandins such as prostaglandin E2 (whose activity is increased in cancer because of an increase in the expression of cyclooxygenase 2) and generates oxo-fatty acid products that can profoundly influence cell function by abrogating pro-inflammatory cytokine expression (PubMed:25586183, PubMed:15574495). Converts resolvins E1, D1 and D2 to their oxo products, which represents a mode of resolvin inactivation. Resolvin E1 plays important roles during the resolution phase of acute inflammation, while resolvins D1 and D2 have a unique role in obesity-induced adipose inflammation (PubMed:1675747122844113).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

Tissue Location

Detected in colon epithelium (at protein level).

HPGD Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

HPGD Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

HPGD Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

HPGD is a member of the short-chain nonmetalloenzyme alcohol dehydrogenase protein family. This protein is responsible for the metabolism of prostaglandins, which function in a variety of physiologic and cellular processes such as inflammation.

HPGD Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Thill, M., et.al., Anticancer Res. 29 (9), 3619-3625 (2009)