

**PANK2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP7160b****Specification**

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**PANK2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q9BZ23](#)**PANK2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 80025**Other Names**

Pantothenate kinase 2, mitochondrial, hPanK2, Pantothenic acid kinase 2, PANK2, C20orf48

**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP7160b](/product/products/AP7160b) was selected from the Center region of human PANK2. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**PANK2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information****Name** PANK2**Synonyms** C20orf48**Function**

[Isoform 1]: Mitochondrial isoform that catalyzes the phosphorylation of pantothenate to generate 4'-phosphopantothenate in the first and rate-determining step of coenzyme A (CoA) synthesis (PubMed: [15659606](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15659606), PubMed: [16272150](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16272150), PubMed: [17242360](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17242360), PubMed: [17825826](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17825826)). Required for angiogenic activity of umbilical vein of endothelial cells (HUVEC) (PubMed: [30221726](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30221726)).

**Cellular Location**

[Isoform 1]: Mitochondrion. Mitochondrion intermembrane space. Nucleus Note=Localizes predominantly to the mitochondria and to a lesser extent to the nucleus. Found in both the mitochondria and the nucleus throughout the cell cycle, with the exception of the G2/M phase when it is restricted to mitochondria. [Isoform 3]: Cytoplasm {ECO:0000269|PubMed:12554685, ECO:0000305}

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in the brain (at protein level) (PubMed:15659606, PubMed:17825826). Ubiquitous (PubMed:11479594) Highly expressed in the testis (PubMed:17825826). Expressed in the umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC) (PubMed:30221726)

### **PANK2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

### **PANK2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images**

### **PANK2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background**

Pantothenate kinase is an essential regulatory enzyme in CoA biosynthesis, catalyzing the cytosolic phosphorylation of pantothenate (vitamin B5), N-pantothenoylcysteine, and pantetheine. CoA is the major acyl carrier, playing a central role in intermediary and fatty acid metabolism. In both yeast and fly, each with only 1 pantothenate kinase gene, the null mutant is inviable. Mutations in PANK2 are the cause of pantothenate kinase-associated neurodegeneration (PKAN), formerly known as Hallervorden-Spatz syndrome (HSS). PKAN is an autosomal recessive neurodegenerative disorder associated with iron accumulation in the brain. Mutations in PANK2 are the cause of hypoprebetalipoproteinemia, acanthocytosis, retinitis pigmentosa, and pallidal degeneration (HARP).

### **PANK2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References**

Neurology 58: 1673-1674, 2002. Hum. Molec. Genet. 12: 321-327, 2003. Neurology 61: 1423-1426, 2003. Neurology 64: 1810-1812, 2005. Nature Genet. 28: 345-349, 2001.