

CLRN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP7339b**Specification**

CLRN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [P58418](#)**CLRN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 7401**Other Names**

Clarin-1, Usher syndrome type-3 protein, CLRN1, USH3A

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP7339b](/products/AP7339b) was selected from the C-term region of human CLRN1. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CLRN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name** CLRN1**Synonyms** USH3A**Function**

May have a role in the excitatory ribbon synapse junctions between hair cells and cochlear ganglion cells and presumably also in analogous synapses within the retina.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Widely expressed. Found in the retina.

CLRN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

CLRN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

CLRN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

CLRN1 is a protein that contains a cytosolic N-terminus, multiple helical transmembrane domains, and an endoplasmic reticulum membrane retention signal, TKGH, in the C-terminus. The protein may be important in development and homeostasis of the inner ear and retina.

CLRN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Herrera,W., Aleman,T.S. Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci. 49 (6), 2651-2660 (2008)Aller,E., Jaijo,T. Clin. Genet. 66 (6), 525-529 (2004)Joensuu,T., Hamalainen,R. Genomics 63 (3), 409-416 (2000)