

GIPR Blocking Peptide (Center)
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP7495c**Specification**

GIPR Blocking Peptide (Center) - Product InformationPrimary Accession [P48546](#)**GIPR Blocking Peptide (Center) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 2696**Other Names**

Gastric inhibitory polypeptide receptor, GIP-R, Glucose-dependent insulintropic polypeptide receptor, GIPR

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 119-136 of HUMAN GIPR

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GIPR Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protein Information**Name** GIPR**Function**

This is a receptor for GIP. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G proteins which activate adenylyl cyclase.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

GIPR Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

GIPR Blocking Peptide (Center) - Images

GIPR Blocking Peptide (Center) - Background

GIPR also called glucose-dependent insulinitropic polypeptide, is a 42-amino acid polypeptide synthesized by K cells of the duodenum and small intestine. This protein was originally identified as an activity in gut extracts that inhibited gastric acid secretion and gastrin release, but subsequently was demonstrated to stimulate insulin release potently in the presence of elevated glucose. The insulinitropic effect on pancreatic islet beta-cells was then recognized to be the principal physiologic action of GIP. Together with glucagon-like peptide-1, GIP is largely responsible for the secretion of insulin after eating. The protein is involved in several other facets of the anabolic response.

GIPR Blocking Peptide (Center) - References

Herbach,N. Am. J. Physiol. Renal Physiol. 296 (4), F819-F829 (2009)
Rudovich,N., Kaiser,S. Regul. Pept. 142 (3), 138-145 (2007)
Nitz,I., Fisher,E. Mol Nutr Food Res 51 (8), 1046-1052 (2007)