

## DYRK1A Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7537a

# **Specification**

# DYRK1A Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

**Q13627** 

# DYRK1A Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 1859** 

#### **Other Names**

Dual specificity tyrosine-phosphorylation-regulated kinase 1A, Dual specificity YAK1-related kinase, HP86, Protein kinase minibrain homolog, MNBH, hMNB, DYRK1A, DYRK, MNB, MNBH

# **Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/product/products/AP7537a>AP7537a</a> was selected from the N-term region of human DYRKA . A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# DYRK1A Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name DYRK1A {ECO:0000303|PubMed:25620562, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:3091}

# **Function**

Dual-specificity kinase which possesses both serine/threonine and tyrosine kinase activities (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21127067" target="\_blank">21127067</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8769099" target="\_blank">8769099</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30773093" target="\_blank">30773093</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20981014" target="\_blank">20981014</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23665168" target="\_blank">23665168</a>). Exhibits a substrate preference for proline at position P+1 and arginine at position P-3 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23665168" target="\_blank">23665168</a>). Plays an important role in double- strand breaks (DSBs) repair following DNA damage (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31024071" target="\_blank">31024071</a>). Mechanistically, phosphorylates RNF169 and increases its ability to block accumulation of TP53BP1



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at the DSB sites thereby promoting homologous recombination repair (HRR) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30773093" target=" blank">30773093</a>). Also acts as a positive regulator of transcription by acting as a CTD kinase that mediates phosphorylation of the CTD (C-terminal domain) of the large subunit of RNA polymerase II (RNAP II) POLR2A (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25620562" target=" blank">25620562</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29849146" target="blank">29849146</a>). May play a role in a signaling pathway regulating nuclear functions of cell proliferation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14500717" target=" blank">14500717</a>). Modulates alternative splicing by phosphorylating the splice factor SRSF6 (By similarity). Has pro-survival function and negatively regulates the apoptotic process (By similarity). Promotes cell survival upon genotoxic stress through phosphorylation of SIRT1 (By similarity). This in turn inhibits p53/TP53 activity and apoptosis (By similarity). Phosphorylates SEPTIN4, SEPTIN5 and SF3B1 at 'Thr-434' (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Nucleus speckle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61214}

### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitous. Highest levels in skeletal muscle, testis, fetal lung and fetal kidney.

### DYRK1A Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

### • Blocking Peptides

DYRK1A Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Images

### DYRK1A Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Background

DYRKA is a member of the Dual-specificity tyrosine phosphorylation-regulated kinase (DYRK) family. This member contains a nuclear targeting signal sequence, a protein kinase domain, a leucine zipper motif, and a highly conservative 13-consecutive-histidine repeat. It catalyzes its autophosphorylation on serine/threonine and tyrosine residues. It may play a significant role in a signaling pathway regulating cell proliferation and may be involved in brain development. This gene is a homolog of Drosophila mnb (minibrain) gene and rat Dyrk gene. It is localized in the Down syndrome critical region of chromosome 21, and is considered to be a strong candidate gene for learning defects associated with Down syndrome.

# DYRK1A Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - References

Guimera, J., et al., Genomics 57(3):407-418 (1999). Wang, J., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 250(3):704-710 (1998).Becker, W., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 273(40):25893-25902 (1998).Dahmane, N., et al., Genomics 48(1):12-23 (1998).Chen, H., et al., Hum. Genet. 99(2):262-265 (1997).