

PPBP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP7556a**Specification**

PPBP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [P02775](#)**PPBP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5473**Other Names**

Platelet basic protein, PBP, C-X-C motif chemokine 7, Leukocyte-derived growth factor, LDGF, Macrophage-derived growth factor, MDGF, Small-inducible cytokine B7, Connective tissue-activating peptide III, CTAP-III, LA-PF4, Low-affinity platelet factor IV, TC-2, Connective tissue-activating peptide III(1-81), CTAP-III(1-81), Beta-thromboglobulin, Beta-TG, Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(74), NAP-2(74), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(73), NAP-2(73), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2, NAP-2, TC-1, Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-66), NAP-2(1-66), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-63), NAP-2(1-63), PPBP, CTAP3, CXCL7, SCYB7, TGB1, THBGB1

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP7556a](/products/AP7556a) was selected from the N-term region of human PPBP. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PPBP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name** PPBP**Synonyms** CTAP3, CXCL7, SCYB7, TGB1, THBGB1**Function**

LA-PF4 stimulates DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and synthesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by human synovial cells. NAP-2 is a ligand for CXCR1 and CXCR2, and NAP-2, NAP-2(73), NAP-2(74), NAP-2(1-66), and most

potent NAP-2(1-63) are chemoattractants and activators for neutrophils. TC-1 and TC-2 are antibacterial proteins, in vitro released from activated platelet alpha-granules. CTAP-III(1-81) is more potent than CTAP-III desensitize chemokine-induced neutrophil activation.

Cellular Location Secreted.

PPBP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

PPBP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

PPBP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

PPBP is a platelet-derived growth factor that belongs to the CXC chemokine family. This growth factor is a potent chemoattractant and activator of neutrophils. It has been shown to stimulate various cellular processes including DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and sythesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by synovial cells.

PPBP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Majumdar S.,J. Biol. Chem. 266:5785-5789(1991)Zhang C.,Blood 98:610-617(2001)Aivado,M.,Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 104 (4), 1307-1312 (2007)