

PBP (PPBP) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP7556b

Specification

PBP (PPBP) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession [P02775](#)

PBP (PPBP) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 5473

Other Names

Platelet basic protein, PBP, C-X-C motif chemokine 7, Leukocyte-derived growth factor, LDGF, Macrophage-derived growth factor, MDGF, Small-inducible cytokine B7, Connective tissue-activating peptide III, CTAP-III, LA-PF4, Low-affinity platelet factor IV, TC-2, Connective tissue-activating peptide III(1-81), CTAP-III(1-81), Beta-thromboglobulin, Beta-TG, Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(74), NAP-2(74), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(73), NAP-2(73), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2, NAP-2, TC-1, Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-66), NAP-2(1-66), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-63), NAP-2(1-63), PPBP, CTAP3, CXCL7, SCYB7, TGB1, THBGB1

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP7556b](/product/products/AP7556b) was selected from the C-term region of human PPBP. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PBP (PPBP) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name PPBP

Synonyms CTAP3, CXCL7, SCYB7, TGB1, THBGB1

Function

LA-PF4 stimulates DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and synthesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by human synovial cells. NAP-2 is a ligand for CXCR1 and CXCR2, and NAP-2, NAP-2(73), NAP-2(74), NAP-2(1-66), and most

potent NAP-2(1-63) are chemoattractants and activators for neutrophils. TC-1 and TC-2 are antibacterial proteins, in vitro released from activated platelet alpha-granules. CTAP-III(1-81) is more potent than CTAP-III desensitize chemokine-induced neutrophil activation.

Cellular Location
Secreted.

PBP (PPBP) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

PBP (PPBP) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images

PBP (PPBP) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

PPBP is a platelet-derived growth factor that belongs to the CXC chemokine family. This growth factor is a potent chemoattractant and activator of neutrophils. It has been shown to stimulate various cellular processes including DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and synthesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by synovial cells.

PBP (PPBP) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References

Majumdar S.,J. Biol. Chem. 266:5785-5789(1991)Zhang C.,Blood 98:610-617(2001)Aivado,M.,Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 104 (4), 1307-1312 (2007)