

PPP1R13B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7581a

Specification

PPP1R13B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

096KQ4

PPP1R13B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 23368

Other Names

Apoptosis-stimulating of p53 protein 1, Protein phosphatase 1 regulatory subunit 13B, PPP1R13B, ASPP1, KIAA0771

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP7581a was selected from the N-term region of human PPP1R13B. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PPP1R13B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name PPP1R13B

Synonyms ASPP1, KIAA0771

Function

Regulator that plays a central role in regulation of apoptosis via its interaction with p53/TP53 (PubMed:11684014, PubMed:12524540). Regulates TP53 by enhancing the DNA binding and transactivation function of TP53 on the promoters of proapoptotic genes in vivo.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic. Some fraction is nuclear



Tissue Location

Reduced expression in breast carcinomas expressing a wild-type TP53 protein.

PPP1R13B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

PPP1R13B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

PPP1R13B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

PPP1R13B is a member of the ASPP (apoptosis-stimulating protein of p53) family of p53 interacting proteins. This protein contains four ankyrin repeats and an SH3 domain involved in protein-protein interactions. ASPP proteins are required for the induction of apoptosis by p53-family proteins. They promote DNA binding and transactivation of p53-family proteins on the promoters of proapoptotic genes. Expression of this gene is regulated by the E2F transcription factor.

PPP1R13B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Agirre, X., Oncogene 25 (13), 1862-1870 (2006) Liu, Z.J., Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1756 (1), 77-80 (2005) Bergamaschi, D., Oncogene 24 (23), 3836-3841 (2005)