

## **LUM Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide**

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7605c

## **Specification**

# **LUM Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**

**Primary Accession** 

P51884

# **LUM Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 4060** 

#### **Other Names**

Lumican, Keratan sulfate proteoglycan lumican, KSPG lumican, LUM, LDC, SLRR2D

## Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/products/AP7605c>AP7605c</a> was selected from the Center region of human LUM. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **LUM Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**

Name LUM

Synonyms LDC, SLRR2D

#### **Cellular Location**

Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix

#### **Tissue Location**

Cornea and other tissues.

# **LUM Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



• Blocking Peptides

## LUM Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

# LUM Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

LUM is a member of the small leucine-rich proteoglycan (SLRP) family that includes decorin, biglycan, fibromodulin, keratocan, epiphycan, and osteoglycin. In these bifunctional molecules, this protein moiety binds collagen fibrils and the highly charged hydrophilic glycosaminoglycans regulate interfibrillar spacings. The protein is the major keratan sulfate proteoglycan of the cornea but is also distributed in interstitial collagenous matrices throughout the body. Lumican may regulate collagen fibril organization and circumferential growth, corneal transparency, and epithelial cell migration and tissue repair.

# **LUM Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References**

Wang, P., Li, S. Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci. 50 (4), 1546-1551 (2009) Matsuda, Y., Yamamoto, T. Int. J. Oncol. 33 (6), 1177-1185 (2008) Kelemen, L.E., Couch, F.J. Breast Cancer Res. 10 (6), R98 (2008)