

## TARS Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7984c

## **Specification**

## TARS Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

**Primary Accession** 

P26639

# TARS Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 6897** 

#### **Other Names**

Threonine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic, Threonyl-tRNA synthetase, ThrRS, TARS

## Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/products/AP7984c>AP7984c</a> was selected from the Center region of human TARS. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## TARS Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name TARS1 (HGNC:11572)

Synonyms TARS

### **Function**

Catalyzes the attachment of threonine to tRNA(Thr) in a two- step reaction: threonine is first activated by ATP to form Thr-AMP and then transferred to the acceptor end of tRNA(Thr) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25824639" target="\_blank">25824639</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31374204" target="\_blank">31374204</a>). Also edits incorrectly charged tRNA(Thr) via its editing domain, at the post-transfer stage (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9D0R2}.



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## TARS Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

## • Blocking Peptides

TARS Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

# TARS Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases catalyze the aminoacylation of tRNA by their cognate amino acid. Because of their central role in linking amino acids with nucleotide triplets contained in tRNAs, aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases are thought to be among the first proteins that appeared in evolution. Threonyl-tRNA synthetase belongs to the class-II aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase family.

## TARS Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Freist, W., Biol. Chem. Hoppe-Seyler 376 (4), 213-224 (1995) Cruzen, M.E., J. Biol. Chem. 266 (15), 9919-9923 (1991)