

# QARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7986b

### **Specification**

## **QARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession

P47897

## QARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 5859** 

#### **Other Names**

Glutamine--tRNA ligase, Glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase, GlnRS, QARS

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

## **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### QARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name QARS1 (HGNC:9751)

**Synonyms QARS** 

#### **Function**

Glutamine--tRNA ligase (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26869582" target="\_blank">26869582</a>). Plays a critical role in brain development (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24656866" target="\_blank">24656866</a>).

## **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasm

### **Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in fetal cerebral cortex, particularly in the ventricular zone, inner subventricular zone, outer subventricular zone, and cortical plate.

# QARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



### • Blocking Peptides

## **QARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images**

## QARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases catalyze the aminoacylation of tRNA by their cognate amino acid. Because of their central role in linking amino acids with nucleotide triplets contained in tRNAs, aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases are thought to be among the first proteins that appeared in evolution. In metazoans, 9 aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases specific for glutamine (gln), glutamic acid (glu), and 7 other amino acids are associated within a multienzyme complex. Although present in eukaryotes, glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase (QARS) is absent from many prokaryotes, mitochondria, and chloroplasts, in which Gln-tRNA(Gln) is formed by transamidation of the misacylated Glu-tRNA(Gln). Glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase belongs to the class-I aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase family.

### **QARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References**

Ko,Y.G., J. Biol. Chem. 276 (8), 6030-6036 (2001)Kang,J., J. Biol. Chem. 275 (41), 31682-31688 (2000)Ko,Y.G., J. Cell Biol. 149 (3), 567-574 (2000)