

APOH Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP7989b**Specification**

APOH Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [P02749](#)**APOH Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 350**Other Names**

Beta-2-glycoprotein 1, APC inhibitor, Activated protein C-binding protein, Anticardiolipin cofactor, Apolipoprotein H, Apo-H, Beta-2-glycoprotein I, B2GPI, Beta(2)GPI, APOH, B2G1

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

APOH Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name** APOH**Synonyms** B2G1**Function**

Binds to various kinds of negatively charged substances such as heparin, phospholipids, and dextran sulfate. May prevent activation of the intrinsic blood coagulation cascade by binding to phospholipids on the surface of damaged cells.

Cellular Location

Secreted.

Tissue Location

Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma.

APOH Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

APOH Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

APOH Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

Apolipoprotein H has been implicated in a variety of physiologic pathways including lipoprotein metabolism, coagulation, and the production of antiphospholipid autoantibodies. APOH may be a required cofactor for anionic phospholipid binding by the antiphospholipid autoantibodies found in sera of many patients with lupus and primary antiphospholipid syndrome, but it does not seem to be required for the reactivity of antiphospholipid autoantibodies associated with infections.

APOH Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Davila, S., et al. Genes Immun. 11(3):232-238(2010)Zhang, C., et al. Clin. Chim. Acta 411 (5-6), 395-399 (2010) Suresh, S., et al. FEBS J. 277(4):951-963(2010)