

PSMB1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP8856b

Specification

PSMB1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P20618

PSMB1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 5689

Other Names

Proteasome subunit beta type-1, Macropain subunit C5, Multicatalytic endopeptidase complex subunit C5, Proteasome component C5, Proteasome gamma chain, PSMB1, PSC5

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP8856b was selected from the C-term region of human PSMB1. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PSMB1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name PSMB1

Synonyms PSC5

Function

Non-catalytic component of the 20S core proteasome complex involved in the proteolytic degradation of most intracellular proteins. This complex plays numerous essential roles within the cell by associating with different regulatory particles. Associated with two 19S regulatory particles, forms the 26S proteasome and thus participates in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. The 26S proteasome plays a key role in the maintenance of protein homeostasis by removing misfolded or damaged proteins that could impair cellular functions, and by removing proteins whose functions are no longer required. Associated with the PA200 or PA28, the 20S proteasome mediates ubiquitin-independent protein degradation. This type of proteolysis is required in several pathways including spermatogenesis (20S-PA200 complex) or generation of



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a subset of MHC class I-presented antigenic peptides (20S-PA28 complex).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Translocated from the cytoplasm into the nucleus following interaction with AKIRIN2, which bridges the proteasome with the nuclear import receptor IPO9

PSMB1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Blocking Peptides

PSMB1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

PSMB1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

PSMB1 is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered ring-shaped 20S core structure. The core structure is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides.

PSMB1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Okumura, K., et.al., Genomics 27 (2), 377-379 (1995)