

### SPRR1B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP9052b

### **Specification**

## SPRR1B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P22528

## SPRR1B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID** 6699

#### **Other Names**

Cornifin-B, 149 kDa pancornulin, Small proline-rich protein IB, SPR-IB, SPRR1B

# **Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/products/AP9052b>AP9052b</a> was selected from the C-term region of human SPRR1B. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## SPRR1B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

## Name SPRR1B

#### **Function**

Cross-linked envelope protein of keratinocytes. It is a keratinocyte protein that first appears in the cell cytosol, but ultimately becomes cross-linked to membrane proteins by transglutaminase. All that results in the formation of an insoluble envelope beneath the plasma membrane. Can function as both amine donor and acceptor in transglutaminase-mediated cross-linkage.

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm.

### **Tissue Location**

Suprabasal layers of squamous-differentiated tissues such as epidermis, esophagus, tongue and trachea



# SPRR1B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

## • Blocking Peptides

SPRR1B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

## SPRR1B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

SPRR1B is a keratinocyte protein that first appears in the cell cytosol, but ultimately becomes cross-linked to membrane proteins by transglutaminase. All that results in the formation of an insoluble envelope beneath the plasma membrane. Can function as both amine donor and acceptor in transglutaminase-mediated cross-linkage.

### SPRR1B Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Stemmler, S., et.al., Int. J. Immunogenet. 36 (4), 217-222 (2009) Kainu, K., et.al., Exp. Dermatol. 18 (2), 109-115 (2009)