

COX5A Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP9154c

Specification

COX5A Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>P20674</u>

COX5A Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 9377

Other Names Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 5A, mitochondrial, Cytochrome c oxidase polypeptide Va, COX5A

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP9154c was selected from the Center region of human COX5A. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

COX5A Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name COX5A

Function

Component of the cytochrome c oxidase, the last enzyme in the mitochondrial electron transport chain which drives oxidative phosphorylation. The respiratory chain contains 3 multisubunit complexes succinate dehydrogenase (complex II, CII), ubiquinol- cytochrome c oxidoreductase (cytochrome b-c1 complex, complex III, CIII) and cytochrome c oxidase (complex IV, CIV), that cooperate to transfer electrons derived from NADH and succinate to molecular oxygen, creating an electrochemical gradient over the inner membrane that drives transmembrane transport and the ATP synthase. Cytochrome c oxidase is the component of the respiratory chain that catalyzes the reduction of oxygen to water. Electrons originating from reduced cytochrome c in the intermembrane space (IMS) are transferred via the dinuclear copper A center (CU(A)) of subunit 2 and heme A of subunit 1 to the active site in subunit 1, a binuclear center (BNC) formed by heme A3 and copper B (CU(B)). The BNC reduces molecular oxygen to 2 water molecules using 4 electrons from cytochrome c in the IMS and 4 protons from the mitochondrial matrix.



Cellular Location

Mitochondrion inner membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Matrix side

COX5A Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

COX5A Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

COX5A Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

This is the heme A-containing chain of cytochrome c oxidase, the terminal oxidase in mitochondrial electron transport.

COX5A Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Colinge J., et.al., Submitted (OCT-2008) to UniProtKB.