

SERPINA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP9431c**Specification**

SERPINA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession [Q86WD7](#)

SERPINA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 327657

Other Names

Serpin A9, Centerin, Germinal center B-cell-expressed transcript 1 protein, SERPINA9, GCET1, SERPINA11

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SERPINA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name SERPINA9

Synonyms GCET1, SERPINA11

Function

Protease inhibitor that inhibits trypsin and trypsin-like serine proteases (in vitro). Inhibits plasmin and thrombin with lower efficiency (in vitro).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Secreted. [Isoform 3]: Cytoplasm. [Isoform 5]: Cytoplasm. [Isoform 7]: Membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in normal germinal center (GC) B- cells and GC B-cell-derived malignancies.

SERPINA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

SERPINA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

SERPINA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

SERPINA9 is a protease inhibitor that inhibits trypsin and trypsin-like serine proteases (in vitro). This protein inhibits plasmin and thrombin with lower efficiency (in vitro).

SERPINA9 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Luke, M.M., et al. Stroke 40(2):363-368(2009)Paterson, M.A., et al. Am. J. Clin. Pathol. 130(1):117-126(2008)Montes-Moreno, S., et al. Blood 111(1):351-358(2008)Shiffman, D., et al. Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol. 28(1):173-179(2008)Morrison, A.C., et al. Cerebrovasc. Dis. 26(4):420-424(2008)