

#### **Recombinant Human OPG**

Catalog # PBG10344

## **Specification**

#### **Recombinant Human OPG - Product Information**

#### **Recombinant Human OPG - Additional Information**

# **Description**

Osteoprotegerin (OPG) is a member of the TNFR superfamily that can act as a decoy receptor for RANKL. Binding of soluble OPG to sRANKL inhibits osteoclastogenesis by interrupting the signaling between stromal cells and osteoclastic progenitor cells, thereby leading to excess accumulation of bone and cartilage. OPG is expressed in a wide variety of tissues including adult heart, lung, kidney, liver, spleen, prostate, lymph node and bone marrow. OPG is secreted both as a monomeric and a dimeric protein. Its primary structure consists of seven distinct domains, four of which corresponds to the extracellular cysteine-rich domains of TNFR proteins and constitutes the soluble OPG. Recombinant human OPG is a soluble 20.0 kDa protein containing 174 amino acid residues.

## **Biological**Activity

Determined by its ability to neutralize the stimulation of U937 cells treated with 10 ng/ml of soluble RANKL (sRANKL).

#### **Authenticity**

Verified by N-terminal and Mass Spectrometry analyses (when applicable).

#### **Endotoxin**

Endotoxin level is  $<0.1 \text{ ng}/\mu\text{g}$  of protein ( $<1\text{EU}/\mu\text{g}$ ).

### **Protein Content**

Verified by UV Spectroscopy and/or SDS-PAGE gel.

### Storage

-20°C

## **Precautions**

Recombinant Human OPG is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Recombinant Human OPG - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence





- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow CytometyCell Culture

**Recombinant Human OPG - Images**