

Recombinant Murine TRAIL

Catalog # PBG10460

Specification

Recombinant Murine TRAIL - Product Information

Recombinant Murine TRAIL - Additional Information

Description

TRAIL is a cytotoxic protein, which activates rapid apoptosis in tumor cells, but not in normal cells. TRAIL induced apoptosis is achieved through binding to two death-signaling receptors, DR4 and DR5. These receptors belong to the TNFR superfamily of transmembrane proteins and contain a cytoplasmic "death domain", which activates the cell's apoptotic machinery. Recombinant murine TRAIL is a 174 amino acid polypeptide (20.0 kDa), consisting of the TNF homologous portion of the extracellular domain of the full length TRAIL protein.

BiologicalActivity

Assay#1:Determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of MIP-2 production
by M spleen cells using a concentration range of 10-100 ng/ml.

Assay#2:Measured by its ability to induce apoptosis in LN-18 cells (human
glioblastoma cells). The expected ED₅₀ for this effect is
40.0-60.0 ng/ml.

Authenticity Verified by N-terminal and Mass Spectrometry analyses (when applicable).

Endotoxin Endotoxin level is <0.1 ng/ μg of protein (<1EU/ μg).

Protein Content Verified by UV Spectroscopy and/or SDS-PAGE gel.

Storage -20°C

Precautions

Recombinant Murine TRAIL is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Recombinant Murine TRAIL - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence



- Immunoprecipitation
- <u>Flow Cytomety</u>
 <u>Cell Culture</u>

Recombinant Murine TRAIL - Images