

TDGF1, human recombinant protein**CRIPTO1, CRIPTO-1, CRGF, Teratocarcinoma-Derived Growth Factor 1, TDGF1, CR1.****Catalog # PBV10231r****Specification**

TDGF1, human recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession

[P13385](#)

Calculated MW

17.4 kDa KDa**TDGF1, human recombinant protein - Additional Info**

Gene ID

6997

Gene Symbol

TDGF1**Other Names**

CRIPTO1, CRIPTO-1, CRGF, Teratocarcinoma-Derived Growth Factor 1, TDGF1, CR1.

Gene Source

Human

Source

Human cells

Assay&Purity

SDS-PAGE; ≥95%

Assay2&Purity2

HPLC;

Recombinant

Yes

Sequence

A DNA sequence encoding the human TDGF1 (AAH22393.1) (Met 1 - Thr 172) with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag was expressed.**Target/Specificity**

TDGF1

Application Notes

Reconstitute in sterile PBS

Format

Lyophilized protein

Storage

-70°C; Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose and mannitol are added as protectants before lyophilization.

TDGF1, human recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)

- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

TDGF1, human recombinant protein - Images**TDGF1, human recombinant protein - Background**

Teratocarcinoma-derived growth factor 1, also known as epidermal growth factor-like crypto protein CR1, CRGF, and TDGF1, is a cell membrane which contains one EGF-like domain. In humans, TDGF1 is highly expressed in germ cell tumors and in colon and mammary carcinomas. TDGF1 is a member of the epidermal growth factor-crypto FRL1 cryptic protein family and is involved in the activation of several different signaling pathways during embryonic development and cellular transformation. TDGF1 regulates the activation of several signaling pathways and controls cellular transformation in embryonic status. Patients with high TDGF1 expression were statistically susceptible to a recurrence of the disease, and showed poorer disease-free survival than those with low expression. TDGF1 is a predictive marker for metachronous metastasis in colorectal cancer (CRC) patients. It is preferentially expressed in gastric and colorectal carcinomas than in their normal counterparts. TDGF1 plays a role in the determination of the epiblastic cells that subsequently give rise to the mesoderm.