

GDF-15, human recombinant protein

MIC1, PDF, PLAB, PTGFB Catalog # PBV10309r

Specification

GDF-15, human recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession Q99988

Calculated MW 26.8 kDa KDa

GDF-15, human recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID 9518
Gene Symbol GDF-15

Other Names

Growth/differentiation factor 15, GDF-15, Macrophage inhibitory cytokine 1, MIC-1, NSAID-activated gene 1 protein, NAG-1, NSAID-regulated gene 1 protein, NRG-1, Placental

TGF-beta, Placental bone morphogenetic protein, Prostate differentiation factor

Gene Source Human Source E. coli

Assay&Purity SDS-PAGE; ≥95%

Assay2&Purity2 HPLC; Recombinant Yes

Results 1-2 µg/ml

Sequence MARNGDHCPL GPGRCCRLHT VRASLEDLGW

ADWVLSPREV QVTMCIGACP SQFRAANMHA QIKTSLHRLK PDTVPAPCCV PASYNPMVLI

QKTDTGVSLQ TYDDLLAKDC HCI

Target/Specificity

GDF-15

Application Notes

Centrifuge vial before opening. When reconstituting the product, gently pipet and wash down the sides of the vial to ensure full recovery of the protein into solution. It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized product with sterile 5 mM acetic acid at a concentration of 0.1 mg/ml, which can be further diluted into other agueous solutions.

Format

Lyophilized protein

Storage

-20°C; Sterile filtered and lyophilized with no additives

GDF-15, human recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Western Blot



- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

GDF-15, human recombinant protein - Images

GDF-15, human recombinant protein - Background

Growth and differentiation factor 15 (GDF-15) is a TGF β family member, made by in the placenta and heart tissues, that has a role in regulating inflammatory and apoptotic pathways. GDF-15 has become an immerging marker of early heart disease and has the potential as being used as a molecule for screening patients for early heart failure. Recombinant human GDF-15 is a non-glycosylated, disulfide linked homodimer. It is comprised of two identical 120 amino acid monomers and has a total molecular mass of 26.8 kDa.

GDF-15, human recombinant protein - References

Hromas R.,et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1354:40-44(1997). Yokoyama-Kobayashi M.,et al.J. Biochem. 122:622-626(1997). Bootcov M.R.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94:11514-11519(1997). Paralkar V.M.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 273:13760-13767(1998). Kalnine N.,et al.Submitted (MAY-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.