

MART-1/Melan-A, mouse recombinant protein

Melanoma antigen recognized by T-cells 1, Antigen LB39-AA, Antigen SK29-AA, MART-1, Melan-A Catalog # PBV10426r

Specification

MART-1/Melan-A, mouse recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession	<u>02TA50</u>
Calculated MW	17.6 kDa KDa

MART-1/Melan-A, mouse recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID 77836 Gene Symbol Melan-A Other Names Melanoma antigen recognized by T-cells 1, Antigen LB39-AA, Antigen SK29-AA, MART-1, Melan-A

Gene SourceMouseSourceE. coliAssay&PurityN/A;Assay2&Purity2N/A;RecombinantYesTarget/Specificity

Format Liquid

MART-1/Melan-A

Storage -20°C; MART-1/Melan-A protein is in 50 mM Tris, pH 7.5, 100 mM NaCl, 20 mM β -mercaptoethanol, and 20%Glycerol.

MART-1/Melan-A, mouse recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

MART-1/Melan-A, mouse recombinant protein - Images

MART-1/Melan-A, mouse recombinant protein - Background



MART-1 (also known as Melan-A) is a melanocyte differentiation antigen or marker recognized by autologous cytotoxic T lymphocytes. It is a membrane protein with one transmembrane peptide. Melan-A is expressed by a large proportion of melanoma tumors, both melanotic and amelanotic and by melanoma cell lines. It is present in melanocytes of normal skin and retina, nevi and in more than 85% of melanomas. Melan-A/MART-1 is not expressed by non-melanoma malignancies. It is recognized by autologous cytotoxic T lymphocytes. Subcellular fractionation shows that MART-1 is present in melanosomes and endoplasmic reticulum. Six other melanoma associated antigens recognized by autologous cytotoxic T cells include MAGE-1, Tyrosinase, gp100, gp75, BAGE-1, and GAGE-1. Mouse MART-1 is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.