

**APG16/ATG16 Blocking Peptide
Catalog # PBV10434b****Specification****APG16/ATG16 Blocking Peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession	Q676U5
Other Accession	AAR32130
Gene ID	55054
Calculated MW	68265

APG16/ATG16 Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**Gene ID 55054****Application & Usage**

The peptide is used for blocking the antibody activity of Apg16L1. It usually blocks the antibody activity completely in Western blot analysis by incubating the peptide with equal volume of antibody for 30-60 minutes at 37°C.

Other Names

Autophagy-related protein 16-1, APG16-like 1, ATG16L1, APG16L

Target/Specificity

APG16/ATG16

Formulation

50 µg (0.5 mg/ml) in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 50% glycerol, 1% BSA and 0.02% thimerosal.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions**Precautions**

APG16/ATG16 Blocking Peptide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

APG16/ATG16 Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name ATG16L1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17200669, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:21498}

Function

Plays an essential role in both canonical and non-canonical autophagy: interacts with ATG12-ATG5 to mediate the lipidation to ATG8 family proteins (MAP1LC3A, MAP1LC3B, MAP1LC3C, GABARAPL1, GABARAPL2 and GABARAP) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23376921"

target="_blank">>23376921, PubMed:>23392225, PubMed:>29317426, PubMed:>30778222, PubMed:>33909989, PubMed:>24553140, PubMed:>24954904, PubMed:>27273576). Acts as a molecular hub, coordinating autophagy pathways via distinct domains that support either canonical or non-canonical signaling (PubMed:>29317426, PubMed:>30778222). During canonical autophagy, interacts with ATG12-ATG5 to mediate the conjugation of phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) to ATG8 proteins, to produce a membrane-bound activated form of ATG8 (PubMed:>23376921, PubMed:>23392225, PubMed:>24553140, PubMed:>24954904, PubMed:>27273576). Thereby, controls the elongation of the nascent autophagosomal membrane (PubMed:>23376921, PubMed:>23392225, PubMed:>24553140, PubMed:>24954904, PubMed:>27273576). Also involved in non-canonical autophagy, a parallel pathway involving conjugation of ATG8 proteins to single membranes at endolysosomal compartments, probably by catalyzing conjugation of phosphatidylserine (PS) to ATG8 (PubMed:>33909989). Non-canonical autophagy plays a key role in epithelial cells to limit lethal infection by influenza A (IAV) virus (By similarity). Regulates mitochondrial antiviral signaling (MAVS)-dependent type I interferon (IFN-I) production (PubMed:>22749352, PubMed:>25645662). Negatively regulates NOD1- and NOD2-driven inflammatory cytokine response (PubMed:>24238340). Instead, promotes an autophagy-dependent antibacterial pathway together with NOD1 or NOD2 (PubMed:>20637199). Plays a role in regulating morphology and function of Paneth cell (PubMed:>18849966).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Preautophagosomal structure membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Lysosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Recruited to omegasomes membranes by WIPI2 (By similarity). Omegasomes are endoplasmic reticulum connected structures at the origin of preautophagosomal structures (By similarity) Localized to preautophagosomal structure (PAS) where it is involved in the membrane targeting of ATG5 (By similarity). Localizes also to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme (By similarity). Upon activation of non-canonical autophagy, recruited to single-membrane endolysosomal compartments (PubMed:29317426) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8C0J2, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29317426}

APG16/ATG16 Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)

- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

APG16/ATG16 Blocking Peptide - Images