

MDC/CCL22, murine recombinant protein

Macrophage-Derived Chemokine, CCL22, STCP-1, ABCD-1 Catalog # PBV10799r

Specification

MDC/CCL22, murine recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession O88430
Calculated MW 7.8 kDa KDa

MDC/CCL22, murine recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID 20299
Gene Symbol CCL22

Other Names

Macrophage-Derived Chemokine, CCL22, STCP-1, ABCD-1

Gene Source Murine Source E. Coli

Assay&Purity SDS-PAGE; ≥98%

Assay2&Purity2 HPLC;
Recombinant Yes

Sequence GPYGANVEDS ICCQDYIRHP LPSRLVKEFF

WTSKSCRKPG VVLITVKNRD ICADPRQVWV

KKLLHKLS

Target/Specificity

CCL22

Application Notes

Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml. Do not vortex. This solution can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 1 week. For extended storage, it is recommended to further dilute in a buffer containing a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) and store in working aliquots at -20°C to -80°C.

Format

Lyophilized powder

Storage

-20°C; Sterile filtered through a 0.2 micron filter. Lyophilized with no additives.

MDC/CCL22, murine recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence



- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

MDC/CCL22, murine recombinant protein - Images

MDC/CCL22, murine recombinant protein - Background

MDC is a CC chemokine that is produced in B cells, macrophages, monocyte-derived dendritic cells, activated NK cells and CD4 T cells. It signals through the CCR4 receptor. MDC chemoattracts monocytes, dendritic cells and NK cells and exerts HIV suppressive activity. The 67 amino acid form of MDC displays reduced chemoattractant activity but retains HIV suppressive activity. Recombinant murine MDC is a 7.8 kDa protein containing 68 amino acid residues including the four highly conserved cysteine residues present in the CC chemokines.

MDC/CCL22, murine recombinant protein - References

Schaniel C., et al.J. Exp. Med. 188:451-463(1998).