

Human CellExp CD80, human recombinant protein

CD80, B7, B7-1, B7.1, BB1, CD28LG, CD28LG1, LAB7 Catalog # PBV11006r

Specification

Human CellExp CD80, human recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession <u>P33681</u>

Calculated MW This protein is fused with 6×His tag at the

C-terminus, has a calculated MW of 24.7 kDa. The predicted N-terminus is Val 35. DTT-reduced Protein migrates as 45-75 kDa due to different glycosylation. KDa

Human CellExp CD80, human recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID 941
Gene Symbol CD80

Other Names

CD80, B7, B7-1, B7.1, BB1, CD28LG, CD28LG1, LAB7

Gene Source

Source

Assay&Purity

Assay&Purity

Assay&Purity

Assay&Purity

Assay&Purity

Assay&Purity

Assay&Purity

Assay2&Purity2 N/A; Recombinant Yes

Results Measured by its ability to induce IL2

secretion by Jurkat human acute T cell leukemia cells. The ED50 for this effect is typically 0.01 - 0.1 $\mu g/mL$ in the presence

of phytohaemagglutinin.

Target/Specificity

CD80

Application Notes

Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH 7.4 to a concentration of 50 μ g/ml. Do not vortex. This solution can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 1 month. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -20°C.

Format

Lyophilized

Storage

-20°C; Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4. Generally 5-8% Mannitol or trehalose is added as a protectant before lyophilization.

Human CellExp CD80, human recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.





• Western Blot

- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Human CellExp CD80, human recombinant protein - Images

Human CellExp CD80, human recombinant protein - Background

B7-1 and B7-2, together with their receptors CD28 and CTLA4, constitute one of the dominant co-stimulatory pathways that regulate T and Bcell responses. Although both CTLA4 and CD28 can bind to the same ligands, CTLA4 binds to B71 and B72 with a 20 100 fold higher affinity than CD28 and is involved in the downregulation of the immune response. B-lymphocyte activation antigen B7-1 (referred to as B7) also known as cluster of Differentiation 80 (CD80), is a member of cell surface immunoglobulin superfamily and is expressed on activated B cells, activated T cells, macrophages and dendritic cells. It is the ligand for two different proteins on the T cell surface: CD28 (for autoregulation and intercellular association) and CTLA-4 (for attenuation of regulation and cellular disassociation). CD80 works in tandem with CD86 to prime T cells. CD80 plays a role in induction of innate immune responses by activating NF-κB-signaling pathway in macrophages. CD80 is thus regarded as promising therapeutic targets for autoimmune diseases and various carcinomas.

Human CellExp CD80, human recombinant protein - References

Freeman G.J., et al.J. Immunol. 143:2714-2722(1989). Selvakumar A., et al.Immunogenetics 36:175-181(1992). Kakoulidou M., et al.Scand. J. Immunol. 66:529-537(2007). Muzny D.M., et al.Nature 440:1194-1198(2006). Freeman G.J., et al.J. Exp. Med. 174:625-631(1991).