

Human CellExp MSR1/CD204, human recombinant protein

MSR1, CD204, SCARA1, SR-A, phSR1, phSR2 Catalog # PBV11013r

Specification

Human CellExp MSR1/CD204, human recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession P21757

Calculated MW

This protein is fused with 6×His tag at the

C-terminus, has a calculated MW of 42.1 kDa. The predicted N-terminus is Lys 77. DTT-reduced Protein migrates as 65-72

kDa due to glycosylation. KDa

Human CellExp MSR1/CD204, human recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID 4481
Gene Symbol MSR1

Other Names

MSR1, CD204, SCARA1, SR-A, phSR1, phSR2

Gene Source
Source
Human
HEK293 cells
Assay&Purity
SDS-PAGE; ≥95%

Assay2&Purity2 N/A; Recombinant Yes

Results Measured by its binding ability in a

functional ELISA. Immobilized rhMSR1 at 5 μ g/ml (100 μ l/well) can bind biotinylated advanced glycation end products of bovine serum albumin with a linear range of 1 -

150 ng/ml.

Target/Specificity MSR1/CD204

Application Notes

Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH 7.4 to a concentration of 50 μ g/ml. Do not vortex. This solution can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 1 month. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -20°C.

Format Lyophilized

Storage

-20°C; Lyophilized from 0.22 μ m filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4. Generally 5-8% Mannitol or trehalose is added as a protectant before lyophilization.

Human CellExp MSR1/CD204, human recombinant protein - Protocols



Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Human CellExp MSR1/CD204, human recombinant protein - Images

Human CellExp MSR1/CD204, human recombinant protein - Background

Macrophage scavenger receptor 1 (MSR1) also known as CD204, SCARA1, SR-A, and is class A macrophage scavenger receptors, which include three different types (1, 2, 3) generated by alternative splicing of this gene. These receptors or isoforms are trimeric integral membrane glycoproteins and have been implicated in many macrophage-associated physiological and pathological processes. The isoforms type 1 and type 2 are functional receptors and are able to mediate the endocytosis of modified low density lipoproteins (LDLs). The isoform type 3 does not internalize modified LDL (acetyl-LDL) despite having the domain shown to mediate this function in the types 1 and 2 isoforms. Defects in MSR1 may be a cause of prostate cancer (PC) or Barrett esophagus (BE).

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Matsumoto A.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 87:9133-9137(1990). Gough P.J.,et al.J. Lipid Res. 39:531-543(1998). Nusbaum C.,et al.Nature 439:331-335(2006). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Emi M.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 268:2120-2125(1993).