

Human CellExp ApoA-1, human recombinant protein

Apolipoprotein A-I, APOA1, MGC117399 Catalog # PBV11026r

Specification

Human CellExp ApoA-1, human recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession <u>P02647</u>

Calculated MW

This protein is fused with polyhistidine tag
at the C-terminus, and has a calculated

MW of 29 kDa. The predicted N-terminus is Asp 25. DTT-reduced Protein migrates as

26-30 kDa in SDS-PAGE. KDa

Human CellExp ApoA-1, human recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID 335
Gene Symbol ApoA1

Other Names

Apolipoprotein A-I, APOA1, MGC117399

Gene Source

Source

Assay&Purity

Human

HEK293 cells

SDS-PAGE; ≥95%

Assay2&Purity2 N/A; Recombinant Yes

Results Immobilized Human ApoAl at 10 μg/mL

(100 μl/well) can bind biotinylated human SCARB1. The EC50 of biotinylated human

SCARB1 is 10-100 ng/mL.

Target/Specificity

ApoA1

Application Notes

Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile deionized water to a concentration of $50 \mu g/ml$. Solubilize for 30 to 60 min. at RT with occasional gentle mixing. Do not vortex. Carrier protein (0.1% HAS or BSA) is strongly recommended for further dilution and long term storage.

Format

Lyophilized

Storage

-20°C; Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4. Generally 5-8% Mannitol or trehalose is added as a protectant before lyophilization.

Human CellExp ApoA-1, human recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Human CellExp ApoA-1, human recombinant protein - Images

Human CellExp ApoA-1, human recombinant protein - Background

ApoA1 is also known as apolipoprotein A-I, ApoA-I, and is the major protein component of high density lipoprotein (HDL) in plasma. It has a specific role in lipid metabolism. Chylomicrons secreted from the intestinal enterocyte also contain ApoA1 but it is quickly transferred to HDL in the bloodstream. The protein promotes cholesterol efflux from tissues to the liver for excretion. It is a cofactor for lecithin cholesterolacyltransferase (LCAT) which is responsible for the formation of most plasma cholesteryl esters. ApoA-I was also isolated as a prostacyclin (PGI2) stabilizing factor, and thus may have an anticlotting effect. Defects in the gene encoding it are associated with HDL deficiencies, including Tangier disease, and with systemic non-neuropathic amyloidosis. In addition, it has been shown that ApoA1 is implicated in the anti-endotoxin function of HDL via interaction with lipopolysaccharide or endotoxin.

Human CellExp ApoA-1, human recombinant protein - References

Shoulders C.C.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 11:2827-2837(1983). Cheung P.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 11:3703-3715(1983). Karathanasis S.K.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:6147-6151(1983). Seilhamer J.J.,et al.DNA 3:309-317(1984). Sharpe C.R.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 12:3917-3932(1984).