

Human CellExp Decorin /Bone proteoglycan II, human recombinant protein Decorin, DCN, CSCD, DSPG2, PG40, PGII, PGS2, SLRR1B. Catalog # PBV11070r

Specification

Human CellExp Decorin /Bone proteoglycan II, human recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession Calculated MW

P07585

This protein fused with 6×His tag at the C-terminus, has a calculated MW of 38.8 kDa. The predicted N-terminus is Gly 17. DTT-reduced Protein migrates as 45 kDa or higher due to different glycosylation. KDa

Human CellExp Decorin /Bone proteoglycan II, human recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID 1634 Gene Symbol DCN Other Names Decorin, DCN, CSCD, DSPG2, PG40, PGII, PGS2, SLRR1B.

Gene Source Source Assay&Purity Assay2&Purity2 Recombinant Results

Human HEK293 cells SDS-PAGE; ≥95% N/A; Yes Measured by its ability to modulate collagen fibrillogenesis. At 5 μg/mL, rh Decorin can significantly delay the rate of type I collagen fibrillogenesis.

Target/Specificity Decorin /Bone proteoglycan II

Application Notes

Centrifuge the vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH 7.4 to a concentration of 50 μ g/ml. Do not vortex. This solution can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 1 month. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -20°C.

Format Lyophilized

Storage

-20°C; Lyophilized from 0.22 μ m filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4. Normally Mannitol or Trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.

Human CellExp Decorin /Bone proteoglycan II, human recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Human CellExp Decorin /Bone proteoglycan II, human recombinant protein - Images

Human CellExp Decorin /Bone proteoglycan II, human recombinant protein - Background

Decorin, also known as bone proteoglycan II, PGS2, SLRR1B, DCN, DSPG2 and PG40, is a secreted chondroitin /dermatan sulfate proteoglycan in the family of small leucine-rich proteoglycans (SLRPs). Decorin is a small cellular or pericellular matrix proteoglycan and is closely related in structure to biglycan protein. Decorin and biglycan are thought to be the result of gene duplication. This protein is a component of connective tissue, binds to type I collagen fibrils, and plays a role in matrix assembly. Decorin appears to influence fibrillogenesis, and also interacts with fibronectin, thrombospondin, the complement component C1q, epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) and transforming growth factor-beta (TGF-beta). Defects in DCN are the cause of congenital stromal corneal dystrophy (CSCD).

Human CellExp Decorin /Bone proteoglycan II, human recombinant protein - References

Krusius T., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83:7683-7687(1986). Vetter U., et al. Genomics 15:161-168(1993). Danielson K.G., et al. Genomics 15:146-160(1993). Cs-Szabo G., et al. Submitted (MAR-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Kalnine N., et al. Submitted (MAY-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.