

Cytochrome P450 2D6, human recombinant protein

Cytochrome P450 2D6, CYPIID6, P450-DB1, Debrisoquine 4-hydroxylase, CYP2D6, CPD6, CYP2D, CYP2DL1, P4
Catalog # PBV11415r

Specification

Cytochrome P450 2D6, human recombinant protein - Product info

Primary Accession
Concentration
Calculated MW
P10635
Lot specific
55 kDa KDa

Cytochrome P450 2D6, human recombinant protein - Additional Info

Gene ID 1565
Gene Symbol CYP2D6

Other Names

Cytochrome P450 2D6, CYPIID6, P450-DB1, Debrisoquine 4-hydroxylase, CYP2D6, CPD6, CYP2D, CYP2DL1, P450C2D, MGC120389, MGC120390, LKM1, liver/kidney microsomal antigen 1

Gene Source Human

Source Sf9 Insect cells

Assay&Purity SDS-PAGE; Glycosylated, so purity ≥40%

Assay2&Purity2 N/A;
Recombinant Yes

Target/Specificity Cytochrome P450 2D6

Application Notes

In 50 mM Potassium phosphate buffer pH 7.5, 15% glycerol, 1 mM DTT and 1% Triton X-100

Format

Liquid

Storage

-20°C; Sterile filtered, 50 mM Potassium phosphate buffer pH 7.5, 15% glycerol, 1 mM DTT and 1% Triton X-100

Cytochrome P450 2D6, human recombinant protein - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety



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• Cell Culture

Cytochrome P450 2D6, human recombinant protein - Images

Cytochrome P450 2D6, human recombinant protein - Background

Cytochrome P450 2D6 is a member of a family of microsomal enzymes (mono-oxygenases) present in the endoplasmic reticulum membrane, which detoxify xenobiotic compounds. Cytochrome P450 2D6 is the molecular target of autoantibodies against the "liver kidney microsomal antigen 1" (LKM 1) which has been classically studied by immunofluorescence microscopy. The presence of these autoantibodies is considered indicative of Autoimmune Hepatitis Type 2; LKM 1 antibodies have also been detected in patients with hepatitis C viral infection. The use of a purified recombinant Cytochrome P450 2D6 antigen allows the differentiation of autoimmune hepatitis from drug-induced hepatitis where transient autoantibodies to other P450 family members occur which cannot be differentiated by immunofluorescence techniques.

Cytochrome P450 2D6, human recombinant protein - References

Gonzalez F.J., et al. Genomics 2:174-179(1988). Gonzalez F.J., et al. Nature 331:442-446(1988). Kimura S., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 45:889-904(1989). Gaedigk A., et al. Pharmacogenomics J. 5:173-182(2005). Gaedigk A., et al. Pharmacogenomics J. 5:276-276(2005).