

#### IL-6

Catalog # PVGS1042

## **Specification**

#### IL-6 - Product Information

Primary Accession **Species**Rhesus Macaque

A0A1D5QM02

## **Sequence**

Ala82-Met266 (Asp92Asn), expressed with an N-terminal Met

## **Purity**

> 97% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE<br/>br>> 97% as analyzed by HPLC

### **Endotoxin Level**

< 1 EU/  $\mu g$  of protein by LAL method

## **Biological Activity**

Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED<sub>50</sub> as determined by a cell proliferation assay using IL-6-dependent murine 7TD1 cells is less than 0.1 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of  $> 1.0 \times 10 < \sup > 7 < /\sup > IU/mg$ .

## **Expression System**

E. coli

# **Theoretical Molecular Weight**

21.1 kDa

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2  $\mu m$  filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.

### Reconstitution

It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

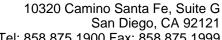
## Storage & Stability

Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70 $^{\circ}$ C or -20 $^{\circ}$ C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4 $^{\circ}$ C or up to 3 months at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

### IL-6 - Additional Information

## **Target Background**

Interleukin-6 (IL-6), also known as BSF-2, CDF and IFNB2, is a pleiotropic cytokine that participates in both pro-inflammatory and anti-inflammatory responses. It is produced mainly by T cells, macrophages, monocytes, endothelial cells and muscle cells. IL-6 binds to IL-6 receptor (IL-6R) to trigger the association of IL-6R with gp130, inducing signal transduction through JAKs and STATs. The biological functions of IL-6 are diverse. It stimulates B cell differentiation and antibody







production, myeloma and plasmacytoma growth, and nerve cell differentiation. It also acts as a myokine, produced by muscle cells in response to muscle contraction and released into the blood stream to help break down fats and improve insulin resistance.

## **IL-6 - Protein Information**

## **IL-6 - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# IL-6 - Images