

PEDF

Catalog # PVGS1075

Specification

PEDF - Product Information

Primary Accession Species Human <u>P36955</u>

Sequence Gln20-Pro418

Purity > 97% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE
> 97% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level < 1 EU/ μg of protein by LAL method

Biological Activity

Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED₅₀ as determined by its ability to enhance the adhesion of human Saos2 cells to bovine Collagen I coated plate is less than 2.0 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of > 5.0×10 ⁵ IU/mg.

Expression System E. coli

Theoretical Molecular Weight 44.4 kDa

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in 20 mM PB, pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl.

Reconstitution

It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Storage & Stability

Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or -20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

PEDF - Additional Information

Gene ID 5176

Other Names Pigment epithelium-derived factor, PEDF, Cell proliferation-inducing gene 35 protein, EPC-1, Serpin F1, SERPINF1, PEDF



Target Background

PEDF is a noninhibitory serpin with neurotrophic, anti-angiogenic, and anti-tumorigenic properties. It is a 50 kDa glycoprotein produced and secreted in many tissues throughout the body. A major component of the anti-angiogenic action of PEDF is the induction of apoptosis in proliferating endothelial cells. In addition, PEDF is able to inhibit the activity of angiogenic factors such as VEGF and FGF-2. The neuroprotective effects of PEDF are achieved through suppression of neuronal apoptosis induced by peroxide, glutamate, or other neurotoxins. The recent identification of a lipase-linked cell membrane receptor for PEDF (PEDF-R) that binds to PEDF with high affinity should facilitate further elucidation of the underlying mechanisms of this pluripotent serpin. To date, PEDF-R is the only signaling receptor known to be used by a serpin family member. The unique range of PEDF activities implicate it as a potential therapeutic agent for the treatment of vasculature related neurodegenerative diseases such as age-related macular degeneration (AMD) and proliferative diabetic retinopathy (PDR). PEDF also has the potential to be useful in the treatment of various angiogenesis-related diseases including a number of cancers.

PEDF - Protein Information

Name SERPINF1

Synonyms PEDF

Function

Neurotrophic protein; induces extensive neuronal differentiation in retinoblastoma cells. Potent inhibitor of angiogenesis. As it does not undergo the S (stressed) to R (relaxed) conformational transition characteristic of active serpins, it exhibits no serine protease inhibitory activity.

Cellular Location Secreted. Melanosome. Note=Enriched in stage I melanosomes

Tissue Location

Retinal pigment epithelial cells and blood plasma.

PEDF - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- <u>Flow Cytomety</u>
- <u>Cell Culture</u>
- **PEDF Images**