

MIG/CXCL9

Catalog # PVGS1102

Specification

MIG/CXCL9 - Product Information

Primary Accession **Species** Human <u>Q07325</u>

Sequence Thr23-Thr125

Purity > 97% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE
> 97% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level < 1 EU/ μg of protein by LAL method

Biological Activity

Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biological activity determined by a chemotaxis bioassay using human peripheral blood T-lymphocytes is in a concentration range of 10.0-100.0 ng/ml.

Expression System E. coli

Theoretical Molecular Weight 11.7 kDa

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in 20 mM PB, pH 7.4, 50 mM NaCl.

Reconstitution

It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Storage & Stability

Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or -20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

MIG/CXCL9 - Additional Information

Gene ID 4283

Other Names

C-X-C motif chemokine 9, Gamma-interferon-induced monokine, Monokine induced by interferon-gamma, HuMIG, MIG, Small-inducible cytokine B9, CXCL9, CMK, MIG, SCYB9



Target Background

Chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 9 (CXCL9), also known as monokine induced by interferon gamma (MIG), is a small cytokine belonging to the CXC chemokine family. The CXCL9 gene is induced in macrophages and in primary glial cells of the central nervous system specifically in response to IFN_Y. CXCL9 has been shown to be a chemoattractant for activated T-lymphocytes and TIL but not for neutrophils or monocytes. The human CXCL9 cDNA encodes a 125 amino acid residue precursor protein with a 22 amino acid residue signal peptide that is cleaved to yield a 103 amino acid residue mature protein. CXCL9 has an extended carboxy-terminus containing greater than 50% basic amino acid residues and is larger than most other chemokines. A chemokine receptor (CXCR3) specific for CXCL9 and IP-10 has recently been cloned and shown to be highly expressed in IL-2-activated T-lymphocytes.

MIG/CXCL9 - Protein Information

Name CXCL9

Synonyms CMK, MIG, SCYB9

Function

Cytokine that affects the growth, movement, or activation state of cells that participate in immune and inflammatory response. Chemotactic for activated T-cells. Binds to CXCR3.

Cellular Location Secreted.

MIG/CXCL9 - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

MIG/CXCL9 - Images