

SCF

Catalog # PVGS1181

Specification

SCF - Product Information

Primary Accession **Species**Mouse

P20826

Sequence

Lys26-Ala189, expressed with an N-terminal Met

Purity

> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE
br>> 95% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level

< 0.2 EU/ μg of protein by gel clotting method

Biological Activity

ED₅₀ < 10.0 ng/ml, measured by a cell proliferation assay using human TF-1 cells, corresponding to a specific activity of > $1.0 \times 10 < \text{sup} > 5 < /\text{sup} > \text{ units/mg}$.

Expression System

P. pastoris

Formulation

Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against 50 mM Tris, pH 8.0.

Reconstitution

It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in ddH_2O up to $100 \mu g/ml$.

Storage & Stability

Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than -70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

SCF - Additional Information

Gene ID 17311

Other Names

Kit ligand, Hematopoietic growth factor KL, Mast cell growth factor, MGF, Steel factor, Stem cell factor, SCF, c-Kit ligand, Soluble KIT ligand, sKITLG, Kitlg, Kitl, Mgf, Sl, Slf

Target Background

Stem cell factor (also known as SCF, KIT-ligand, KL, or steel factor) is a cytokine that binds to the c-KIT receptor (CD117). SCF can exist both as a transmembrane protein and a soluble protein. It stimulates the proliferation of myeloid, erythroid, and lymphoid progenitors in bone marrow



cultures and has been shown to act synergistically with colony stimulating factors. SCF plays an important role in the hematopoiesis during embryonic development. SCF can regulates HSCs in the stem cell niche in the bone marrow. SCF has been shown to increase the survival of HSCs in vitro and contributes to the self-renewal and maintenance of HSCs in-vivo.

SCF - Protein Information

Name Kitlg

Synonyms Kitl, Mgf, SI, SIf

Function

Ligand for the receptor-type protein-tyrosine kinase KIT. Plays an essential role in the regulation of cell survival and proliferation, hematopoiesis, stem cell maintenance, gametogenesis, mast cell development, migration and function, and in melanogenesis. KITLG/SCF binding can activate several signaling pathways. Promotes phosphorylation of PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, and subsequent activation of the kinase AKT1. KITLG/SCF and KIT also transmit signals via GRB2 and activation of RAS, RAF1 and the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2 and/or MAPK3/ERK1. KITLG/SCF and KIT promote activation of STAT family members STAT1, STAT3 and STAT5. KITLG/SCF and KIT promote activation of PLCG1, leading to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate. KITLG/SCF acts synergistically with other cytokines, probably interleukins.

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single- pass type I membrane protein [Soluble KIT ligand]: Secreted.

Tissue Location

Expressed in the cochlea.

SCF - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

SCF - Images