

**FGF-18**  
Catalog # PVGS1304

**Specification**

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**FGF-18 - Product Information**

Primary Accession [O88182](#)

Species  
Rat

Sequence  
Glu28-Arg199

Purity  
> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE  
> 95% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level  
< 0.2 EU/ µg of protein by gel clotting method

Biological Activity  
ED<sub>50</sub> < 0.5 µg/ml, measured by a cell proliferation assay using 3T3 cells, corresponding to a specific activity of > 2.0 × 10<sup>3</sup> units/mg.

Expression System  
E. coli

Formulation **Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS.**

Reconstitution  
It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in ddH<sub>2</sub>O up to 100 µg/ml.

Storage & Stability  
Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than -70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**FGF-18 - Additional Information**

Gene ID 29369

Other Names  
Fibroblast growth factor 18, FGF-18, Fgf18

Target Background  
Fibroblast Growth Factor 18 (FGF-18) is a pleiotropic cytokine belonging to the heparin-binding FGF family, which has 23 different members. Structurally, FGF-18 is closely related to FGF-8 and FGF-17. Like other FGFs, FGF-18 can bind to different FGF receptors in vivo. FGF-18 is expressed in various tissues and has multiple functions: during long bone growth, FGF-18 is expressed in

perichondrium and developing joints, and regulates bone formation by inhibiting chondrocyte proliferation and differentiation; FGF-18 knock-out mice survive embryonic development, but exhibit skeletal abnormalities and die in the early neonatal period. FGF-18 also induces ectopic cartilage formation in the lung, and alters the morphology of the pulmonary mesenchyma.

## **FGF-18 - Protein Information**

**Name** Fgf18

### **Function**

Plays an important role in the regulation of cell proliferation, cell differentiation and cell migration. Required for normal ossification and bone development. Stimulates hepatic and intestinal proliferation (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

Secreted.

### **Tissue Location**

Mainly expressed in the lung. Not detected in brain, heart, liver, kidney and small intestine

## **FGF-18 - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## **FGF-18 - Images**