

IL-4R
Catalog # PVGS1369**Specification**

IL-4R - Product Information

Primary Accession [P24394](#)
Species
Human

Sequence
Gly24-His232

Purity
> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE
> 95% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level
< 0.2 EU/ µg of protein by gel clotting method

Biological Activity
ED₅₀ < 70.0 ng/ml, measured in a neutralization assay using TF-1 cells in the presence of 0.5 ng/ml h-IL-4.

Expression System
HEK 293

Formulation **Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS.**

Reconstitution
It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in ddH₂O or PBS up to 100 µg/ml.

Storage & Stability
Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than -70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

IL-4R - Additional Information

Gene ID 3566

Other Names
Interleukin-4 receptor subunit alpha, IL-4 receptor subunit alpha, IL-4R subunit alpha, IL-4R-alpha, IL-4RA, CD124, Soluble interleukin-4 receptor subunit alpha, Soluble IL-4 receptor subunit alpha, Soluble IL-4R-alpha, sIL4Ralpha/prot, IL-4-binding protein, IL4-BP, IL4R, IL4RA

Target Background
Interleukin-4 Receptor, also known as IL-4RA and CD124, is a transmembrane glycoprotein belonging to the class I receptor family. It is highly expressed by activated T-cells. IL-4RA couples

with γ chain to form the type I receptor for IL-4. The extracellular domain of IL-4RA binds to IL-4 and antagonizes its activity. IL-4RA plays an important role in Th2 cell differentiation, Ig class switching and alternative macrophage activation. It has also been implicated in allergic inflammation, tumor progression and atherogenesis.

IL-4R - Protein Information

Name IL4R

Synonyms IL4RA

Function

Receptor for both interleukin 4 and interleukin 13 (PubMed:17030238). Couples to the JAK1/2/3-STAT6 pathway. The IL4 response is involved in promoting Th2 differentiation. The IL4/IL13 responses are involved in regulating IgE production and, chemokine and mucus production at sites of allergic inflammation. In certain cell types, can signal through activation of insulin receptor substrates, IRS1/IRS2.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are highly expressed in activated T-cells

IL-4R - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

IL-4R - Images