

#### GRO-α/MGSA/CXCL1

Catalog # PVGS1481

# **Specification**

### GRO-α/MGSA/CXCL1 - Product Information

Primary Accession **Species** Human P09341

**Sequence** 

Ala35-Asn107

**Purity** 

> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin Level** 

< 0.2 EU/  $\mu g$  of protein by gel clotting method

## **Biological Activity**

The EC<sub>50</sub> value of human GRO alpha/CXCL1 on Ca<sup>2+</sup> mobilization assay in CHO-K1/G $\alpha$ 15/hCXCR2 cells (human G $\alpha$ 15 and human CXCR2 stably expressed in CHO-K1 cells) is less than 100.0 ng/ml.

**Expression System** 

E. coli

Formulation

Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS.

#### Reconstitution

It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in  $ddH_2O$  or PBS up to  $100 \mu g/ml$ .

#### **Storage & Stability**

Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than -70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## GRO-α/MGSA/CXCL1 - Additional Information

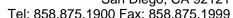
**Gene ID** 2919

#### **Other Names**

Growth-regulated alpha protein, C-X-C motif chemokine 1, GRO-alpha(1-73), Melanoma growth stimulatory activity, MGSA, Neutrophil-activating protein 3, NAP-3, GRO-alpha(4-73), GRO-alpha(6-73), CXCL1, GRO, GRO1, GROA, MGSA, SCYB1

## **Target Background**

Chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 1 (CXCL1) is a small cytokine belonging to the CXC chemokine





family that was previously called GRO1 oncogene, GRO-α, KC, neutrophil-activating protein 3 (NAP-3) and melanoma growth stimulating activity, alpha (MSGA-α). Human GRO-α, GRO-β (MIP2α), and GRO-y (MIP2β) are products of three distinct, nonallelichuman genes. GRO-β and GRO-γ share 90% and 86% amino acid sequence homology with GROα, respectively. All three isoforms of GRO are CXC chemokines that can signal through the CXCR1 or CXCR2 receptors. GRO expression is inducible by serum or PDGF and/or by a variety of inflammatory mediators, such as IL-1 and TNF, in monocytes, fibroblasts, melanocytes and epithelial cells. In certain tumor cell lines, GRO is expressed constitutively. Similar to other alpha chemokines, the three GRO proteins are potent neutrophil attractants and activators. Additionally, these chemokines are also active toward basophils. All three GROs can bind with high affinity to the IL-8 receptor type B.

### GRO-α/MGSA/CXCL1 - Protein Information

Name CXCL1

Synonyms GRO, GRO1, GROA, MGSA, SCYB1

Has chemotactic activity for neutrophils. May play a role in inflammation and exerts its effects on endothelial cells in an autocrine fashion. In vitro, the processed forms GRO-alpha(4-73), GROalpha(5-73) and GRO-alpha(6-73) show a 30-fold higher chemotactic activity.

**Cellular Location** Secreted.

#### GRO-α/MGSA/CXCL1 - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

GRO-α/MGSA/CXCL1 - Images