

SIRPα

Catalog # PVGS1538

Specification

SIRPa - Product Information

Primary Accession **Species** Human

P78324

Sequence

Glu31-Arg370

Purity

> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin Level

< 0.2 EU/ μg of protein by gel clotting method

Biological Activity

Immobilized CD47, His, Human (Cat.No.: Z03419) at 2.0 μ g/ml (100 μ l/well), can bind SIRP α , hFc, Human with a linear range of 0.25-185.0 ng/ml.

Expression System

HEK 293

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS, 5% trehalose and mannitol.

Reconstitution

It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in ddH_2O or PBS up to $100 \mu g/ml$.

Storage & Stability

Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than -70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

SIRPα - Additional Information

Gene ID 140885

Other Names

Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type substrate 1, SHP substrate 1, SHPS-1, Brain Ig-like molecule with tyrosine-based activation motifs, Bit, CD172 antigen-like family member A, Inhibitory receptor SHPS-1, Macrophage fusion receptor, MyD-1 antigen, Signal-regulatory protein alpha-1, Sirp-alpha-1, Signal-regulatory protein alpha-2, Sirp-alpha-2, Signal-regulatory protein alpha-3, Sirp-alpha-3, p84, CD172a, SIRPA, BIT, MFR, MYD1, PTPNS1, SHPS1, SIRP

Target Background



Signal regulatory protein alpha (SIRP α , designated CD172a), is also known as CD172 antigen-like family member A (CD172a), also called SHPS-1 (SHP substrate 1) and previously, MyD-1 (Myeloid/Dendritic-1), which is a monomeric about 90kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein that belongs to the SIRP/SHPS (CD172) family of the immunoglobulin superfamily. SIRP α is Ubiquitous and highly expressed in brain. SIRPA/CD172a is immunoglobulin-like cell surface receptor for CD47 and acts as docking protein and induces translocation of PTPN6, PTPN11 and other binding partners from the cytosol to the plasma membrane. SIRPA/SHPS-1 supports adhesion of cerebellar neurons, neurite outgrowth and glial cell attachment and may play a key role in intracellular signaling during synaptogenesis and in synaptic function by similarity. SIRP α recognition of surfactants SP-A and SP-D in the lung can inhibit alveolar macrophage cytokine production.

SIRPα - Protein Information

Name SIRPA

Synonyms BIT, MFR, MYD1, PTPNS1, SHPS1, SIRP

Function

Immunoglobulin-like cell surface receptor for CD47. Acts as docking protein and induces translocation of PTPN6, PTPN11 and other binding partners from the cytosol to the plasma membrane. Supports adhesion of cerebellar neurons, neurite outgrowth and glial cell attachment. May play a key role in intracellular signaling during synaptogenesis and in synaptic function (By similarity). Involved in the negative regulation of receptor tyrosine kinase-coupled cellular responses induced by cell adhesion, growth factors or insulin. Mediates negative regulation of phagocytosis, mast cell activation and dendritic cell activation. CD47 binding prevents maturation of immature dendritic cells and inhibits cytokine production by mature dendritic cells. Plays a role in antiviral immunity and limits new world arenavirus infection by decreasing virus internalization (By similarity). Receptor for THBS1 (PubMed:24511121). Interaction with THBS1 stimulates phosphorylation of SIRPA (By similarity). In response to THBS1, involved in ROS signaling in non-phagocytic cells, stimulating NADPH oxidase-derived ROS production (PubMed:24511121).

Cellular Location

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

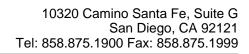
Tissue Location

Ubiquitous. Highly expressed in brain. Detected on myeloid cells, but not T-cells. Detected at lower levels in heart, placenta, lung, testis, ovary, colon, liver, small intestine, prostate, spleen, kidney, skeletal muscle and pancreas

SIRPa - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture





SIRPα - Images