

CD3E&CD3D

Catalog # PVGS1856

Specification

CD3E&CD3D - Product Information

Primary Accession
Species
Cynomolgus

Q95LI5.2(CD3E)&Q95LI8(CD3D)

Sequence

Gln22-Asp117 (CD3E)&Phe22-Ala105 (CD3D)

Purity

Endotoxin Level

Less than 1EU per µg by the LAL method.

Biological Activity

Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized CD3E&CD3D, His & Flag, Cynomolgus at 0.5 μ g/ml (100 μ l/well) on the plate can bind Anti-CD3 Antibody, hFc Tag. Test result was comparable to standard batch.

Expression System

HEK293

Theoretical Molecular Weight

11.93 kDa (CD3E) and 10.55 kDa (CD3D)

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS (pH 7.4).

Reconstitution

Centrifuge the tube before opening. Reconstituting to a concentration more than 100 μ g/ml is recommended. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.

Storage & Stability

Upon receiving, the product remains stable up to 6 months at -20 °C or below. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for 3 months at -80 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

CD3E&CD3D - Additional Information

Target Background

T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 epsilon&CD3 delta chain, also known as CD3E&CD3D, are single-pass type I membrane proteins. When antigen presenting cells (APCs) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), TCR-mediated signals are transmitted across the cell membrane by the CD3 chains CD3D, CD3E, CD3G and CD3Z. All CD3 chains contain immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs) in their cytoplasmic domain.



CD3E&CD3D - Protein Information

CD3E&CD3D - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CD3E&CD3D - Images