

#### CD3E&CD3G

Catalog # PVGS1859

### **Specification**

#### CD3E&CD3G - Product Information

Primary Accession **Species** Human P07766(CD3E)&P09693(CD3G)

# **Sequence**

Asp23-Asp126 (CD3E) & Gln23-Ser116 (CD3G)

## **Purity**

#### **Endotoxin Level**

Less than 1EU per µg by the LAL method.

### **Biological Activity**

Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized CD3E&CD3G [Biotin], His, Human at 2  $\mu$ g/ml (100  $\mu$ l/well) on the streptavidin precoated plate (5  $\mu$ g/ml) can bind Anti-CD3 Antibody, mFc Tag. Test result was comparable to standard batch.

# **Expression System**

**HEK293** 

# **Theoretical Molecular Weight**

17.9 kDa (CD3E) and 17.9 kDa (CD3G)

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.22  $\mu$ m filtered solution in PBS[(pH 7.4).

## Reconstitution

Centrifuge the tube before opening. Reconstituting to a concentration more than 100  $\mu$ g/ml is recommended. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.

## Storage & Stability

Upon receiving, the product remains stable up to 6 months at -20 °C or below. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for 3 months at -80 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

# **CD3E&CD3G - Additional Information**

#### **Target Background**

T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 epsilon & CD3 gamma chain, also known as CD3E & CD3G , are single-pass type I membrane proteins. When antigen presenting cells (APCs) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), TCR-mediated signals are transmitted across the cell membrane by the CD3 chains CD3D, CD3E, CD3G and CD3Z. All CD3 chains contain immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs) in their cytoplasmic domain.



## **CD3E&CD3G - Protein Information**

# CD3E&CD3G - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CD3E&CD3G - Images